

LHC Beam-Beam Compensator

Status Summary and preliminary Specification

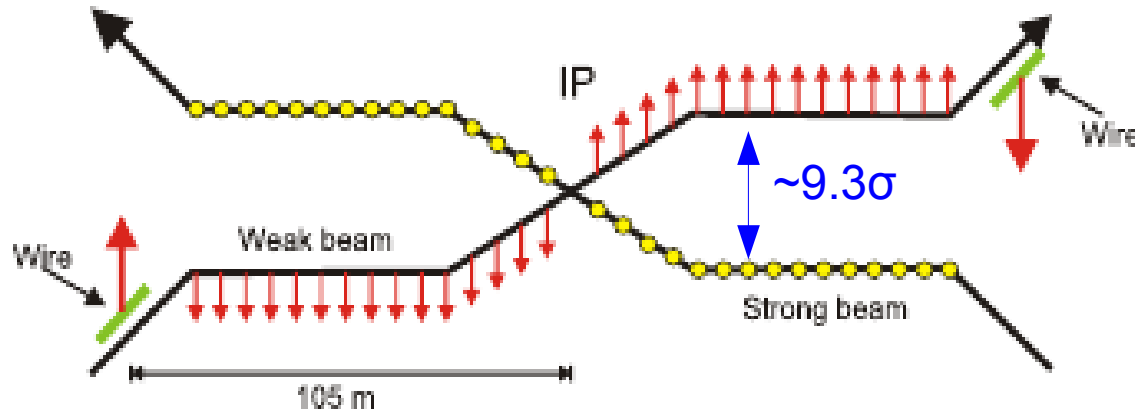
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for and with input from:

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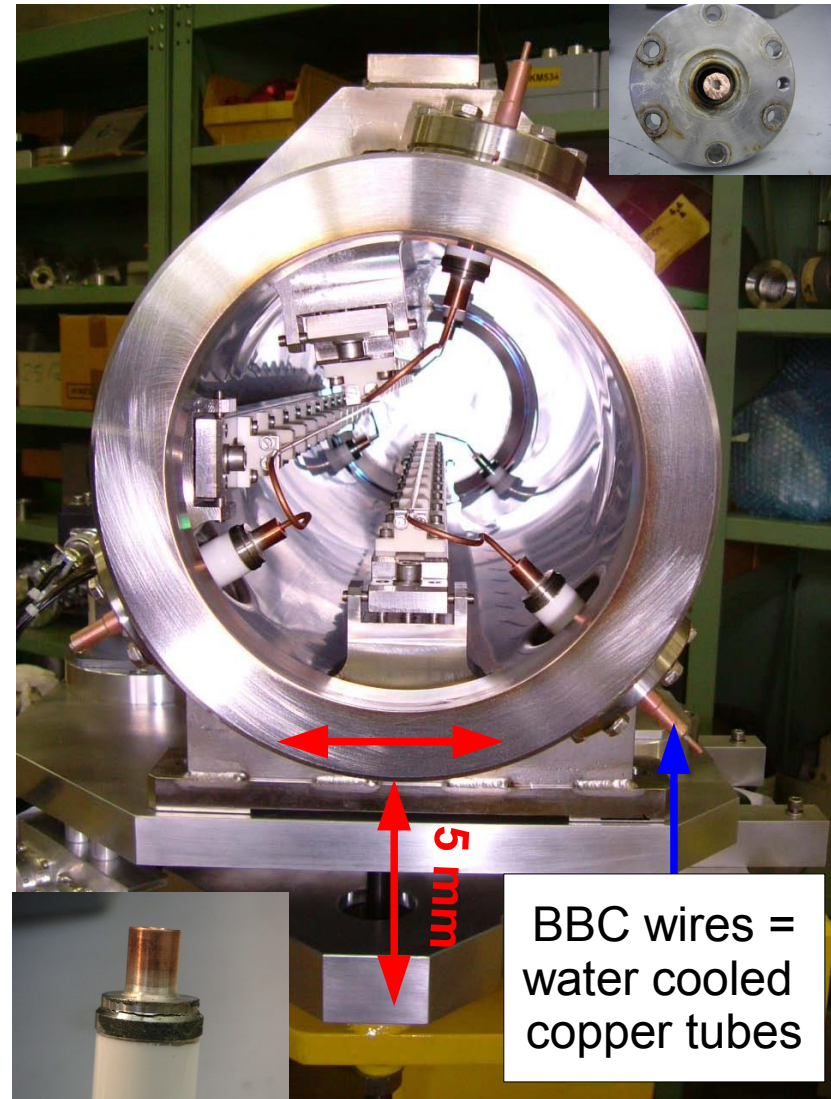
Motivation for Installing a BBC Prototype in the LHC I/II - Passed several Milestones

- Initial proposal based on to J.-P. Koutchouk's note: CERN-SL-2001-048-BI



- Since, SPS wire-wire and RHIC beam-wire experiments demonstrated that: (for details → F. Zimmermann, e.g. Chamonix' 11 & <http://cern-ab-bblr.web.cern.ch/>)
 - “detrimental wire effect on life-time can be compensated by another wire”*
 - Benchmark of numerical tool chain → indication of what to expect at LHC*
 - What could be tested at the SPS and RHIC has been tested,
 - Still*, no direct/consistent demonstration of beneficial effect on life-times
- Further tests require a true long-range beam-beam limited machine...
→ proof-of-principle requires BBC prototype into machine before HL-LHC
- Endorsed by Chamonix'11 (Session8) and LMC (meeting #82)
“Launch a project for the LRBB compensating wire in present LHC...”

- SPS and donated RHIC design are incompatible for installation in LHC:
- Diff. aperture, beam pipe, mechanics, ...
- Wire needs to be in between beams
- Free-standing wire & RF resonances
↔ classic λ/n -antenna (impedance issues)
- Not robust w.r.t. beam impact
- Moveable tank bears the inherent risk of breaking and of bursting of:
 - vacuum bellows ↔ require movement of > 10 mm
 - water cooled interconnects
 - bursting/water leaks inside the vacuum chamber ie. in response to impact of nominal bunch,
n-flux fatigue or 1kW of inherent heat
→ A. Bertarelli's Chamonix'11 talk
- unacceptable due to too big impact on LHC operation in case of failure.



- LHC-BBC scheme (→ ABP, F. Zimmermann et al.)
 - provide a adequate test-bed to experimentally assess its potential performance for present and future HL-LHC upgrade scenarios
- LHC Machine Protection (discussed/agree with MPP)
 - should either cope with asynchronous beam-dump scenario or not deteriorate machine performance after such an event
- LHC Beam Cleaning (Collimation WG, R. Assmann et al.)
 - preserve/provide the same function as present collimator hierarchy
- Practical considerations, 'KISSSS' – Keep the Impact Simple, Small and Safe:
 - feasibility from an engineering point of view
 - Should not deteriorate present machine performance (e.g. impedance..)
 - required instrumentation to setup, assess and verify its performance



LHC Beam-Beam Compensators Specification I/III

Reservations around IR1&IR5, LHC-BBC-EC-0001:

	name	Position and longitudinal dimensions
IR1	BBC.4L1	-104.931 m ± 1.5m wrt IP1
	BBC.4R1	104.931 m ± 1.5m wrt IP1
IR5	BBC.4L5	-104.931 m ± 1.5m wrt IP5
	BBC.4R5	104.931 m ± 1.5m wrt IP5

- Min. LRBB → BBC phase advance: $\Delta\mu \approx 2.6^\circ$ (→ 3.1°)
- Symmetric beta-function: $\beta_{x/y} \approx 1000$ m (for $\beta^* = 0.55$ m)
- N.B. single vacuum pipe for B1 & B2:
110 mm full beam separation (only D1 only)
(→ 165 mm, if shifted more towards TAN)

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LHC Project Document No.
LHC-BBC-EC-0001
Class Document No.
503722
Engineering Change requested by (Name & Dir./Dep.):
C.Fischer AB/BD1

Date: 2004-10-27

Engineering Change Order – Class I

RESERVATIONS FOR BEAM-BEAM COMPENSATORS IN IR1 AND IR5

Brief description of the proposed change(s):
Reservations on the vacuum chamber in IR1 and IR5 for beam-beam compensator monitors.
We propose to include these modifications in the next v.6.5 machine layout version.

Equipment concerned: BBC	Drawings concerned: LHCLXS-0001 LHCLXS-0002 LHCLXS-0009 LHCLXS-0010	Documents concerned:
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PE in charge of the item: J.P. Koutchouk AT/MAS	PE in charge of parent item in PBS: C. Rathjen AT/VAC
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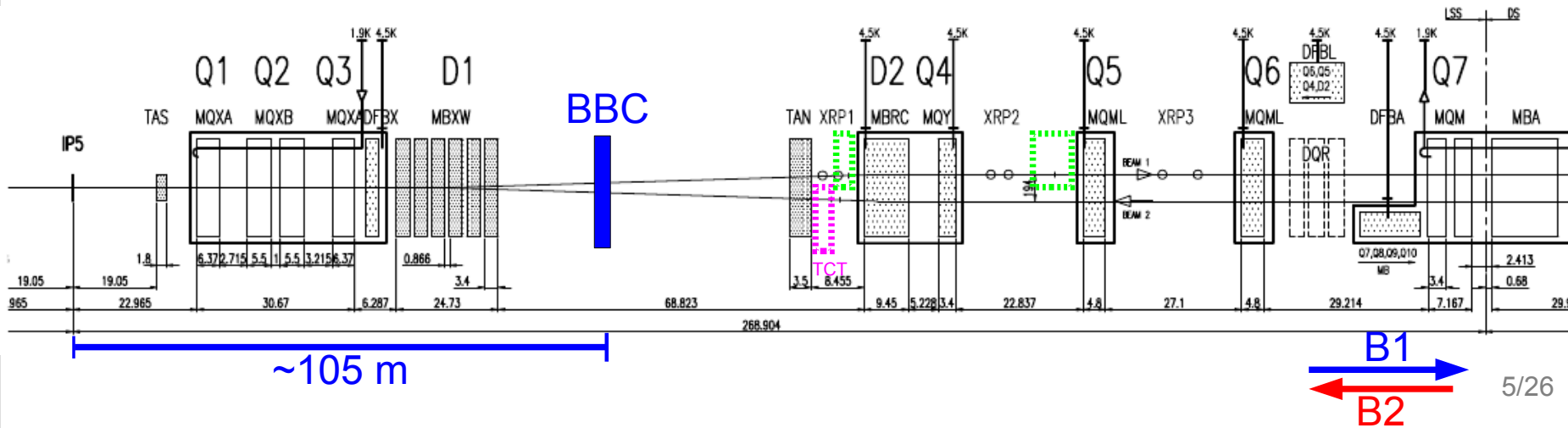
Decision of the Project Engineer: <input type="checkbox"/> Rejected. <input type="checkbox"/> Accepted by Project Engineer, no impact on other items. <i>Actions identified by Project Engineer</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accepted by Project Engineer, but impact on other items. <i>Comments from other Project Engineers required</i> <i>Final decision & actions by Project Management</i>	Decision of the PLO for Class I changes: <input type="checkbox"/> Not requested. <input type="checkbox"/> Rejected. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accepted by the Project Leader Office. <i>Actions identified by Project Leader Office</i>
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Date of Approval: 2004-10-27 **Date of Approval:** 2004-10-27

Actions to be undertaken:
Modify the drawings and Equipment codes concerned to reflect the changes described in this ECO.

Date of Completion: 2004-10-27 **Visa of QA Officer:**

Note: when approved, an Engineering Change Request becomes an Engineering Change Order/Notification.



LHC BBC – a first proposal, Ralph.Steinhagen@CERN.ch, 2011-08-05



Physical Space IR5 Requires Horizontal BBC



reserved location IP → 105 m



TCT and roman pots

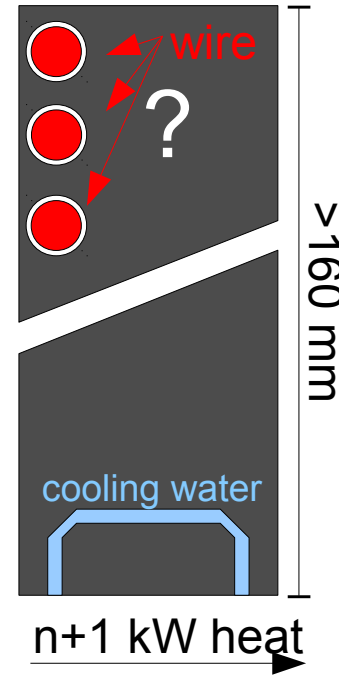


Between Q4 and Q5

- Initially 2 BBC per beam/IP planned → H-V pair for one beam only, based on H-V crossing scheme, settled with:
 - 1 x BBC-H.B1 in IR5, and
 - 1 x BBC-V.B1 in IR1
- Wire parameters:
 - Solid wire radius of $\sim 1\text{mm}$ → 1kW power dissipation
 - Wire diameter is a trade-off between available aperture and cooling
 - sub- σ level of hor./ver. position control
 - Nominal scheme: $I = I_{\text{peak}} \cdot \sqrt{2\pi} \cdot \sigma_s \cdot n_{\text{parasitic}} = 72 \dots 350 \text{ Am (max.)}$
 - Pulsed wire to accommodate differences for PACMAN bunches
→ not feasible/practical at this stage, stick to DC compensation only
- Further, aim to reuse as much of established infra-structure as possible to aid/simplify controls integration into an operational LHC environment:
 - Collimator type girders, motor control and to embed the wire into jaws
 - standard e.g. LHC-type 600 A power converter (OK w.r.t. ripple requirement)
 - Integration of buttons as done for the TCT to aid the wire re-alignment

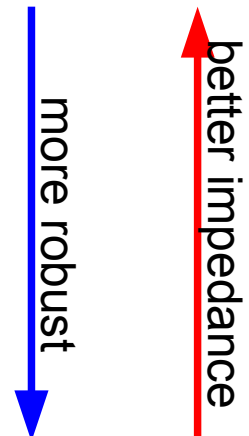
- Wire-beam distance: average LR beam-beam separation of 9.7σ
 - implies a-priori similar nominal BBC position
 - closer than present and possibly future TCT settings
 - critical w.r.t. asynch. dump failure mode, in particular for B2 in IP5
- Not without issues → validated this with MPP (Meeting #48, 2011-08-05)
 - Somewhat relaxed constraints: BBC prototype targeted to be an MD tool
 - special run conditions, reduced intensity and time which mitigates probability of e.g. asynchronous dump failure impacting the wire (failure rather impacts device rather than machine availability)
 - Conclusion: LHC BBC Prototype will need to be ...
 - A)... either operated in the shadow of the TCTs (e.g. 11σ), or
 - B)... provide a similar combined function as the TCTs (e.g. 9.7σ)
 - so far positive feedback from Collimation WG (R. Assmann et al.) provided we meet the same reliability requirements as the TCTs

- Using collimator-type design 'kills several birds with one shot':
 - provides necessary mechanical stability (N.B. 1 m long wire)
 - easy wire position control, integration and exchange option
 - intrinsic heat sink, conducting thermal losses far away to where these can be safely coupled out of the tank
 - Experience w.r.t. integration BPM buttons, etc.
 - Depending on jaw-material choice, shielding of RF beam IC to reduce impedance and potential wire resonances
 - Min. insulation + copper surface (skin depth): 0.3 mm tbc.)



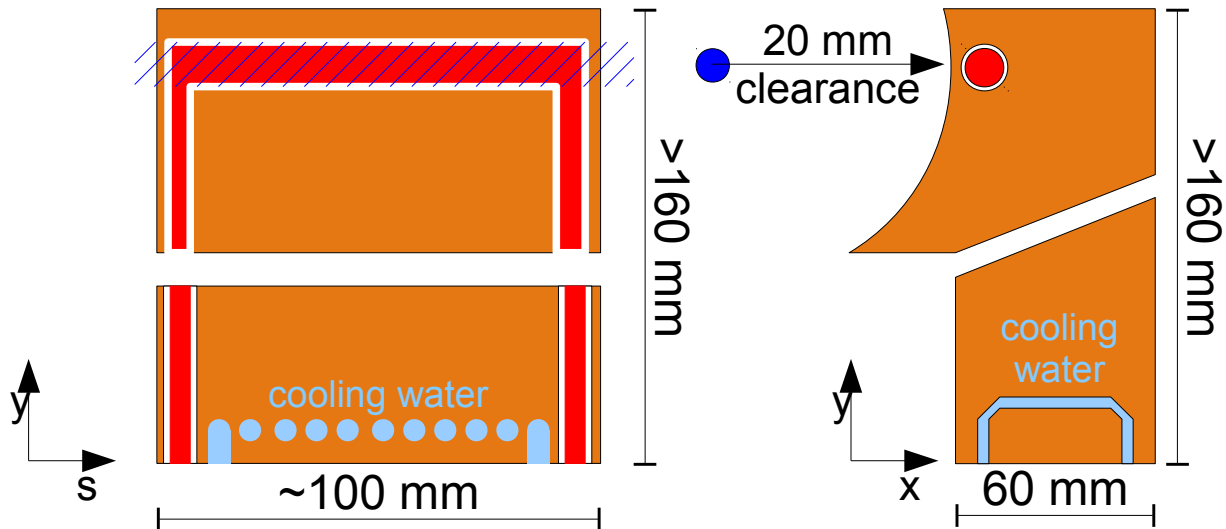
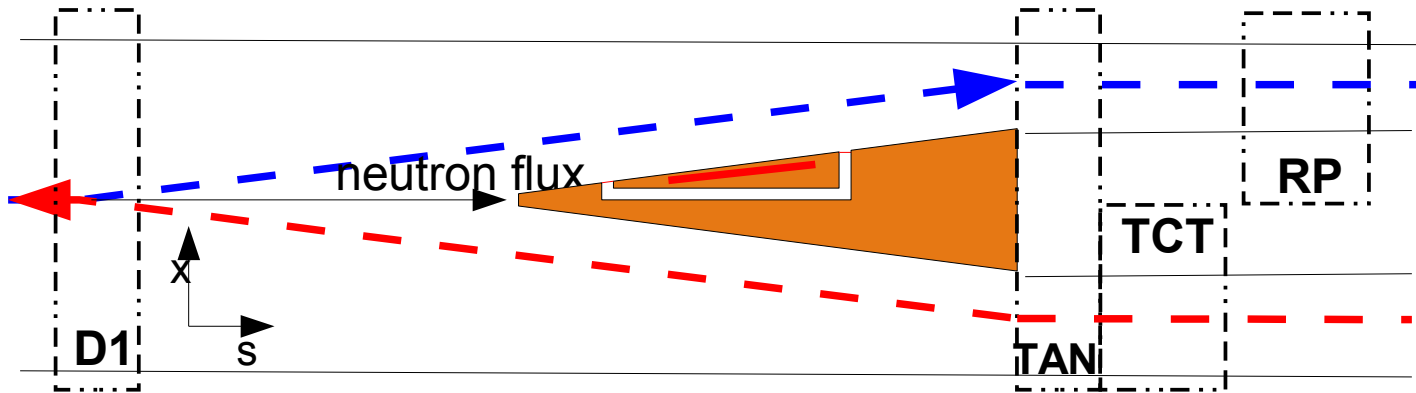
- However, a true 'TCT' like functionality implies some constraints on material choice and trade-off w.r.t. robustness vs. cooling vs. Impedance

	Th. Cond.	El. Cond.	$\delta@40$ MHz	$\delta@1$ GHz
	[W m ⁻¹ K ⁻¹]	[Ω m]	[μ m]	[μ m]
Copper	401	$1.7 \cdot 10^{-8}$	~ 10	~ 2
Tungsten	173	$5.6 \cdot 10^{-8}$	~ 10	~ 2
SiC*	360 - 490	$8.3 \cdot 10^{-3} - 3$	\sim mm	\sim mm
Carbon		$3 \cdot 10^{-6} \dots 8 \cdot 10^{-4}$		
Diamond	900...2320...41k	$\sim 10^{12}$		



Proposed LHC Beam-Beam Compensators Prototypes I/III

– Option I (nominal): between D1 ↔ TAN



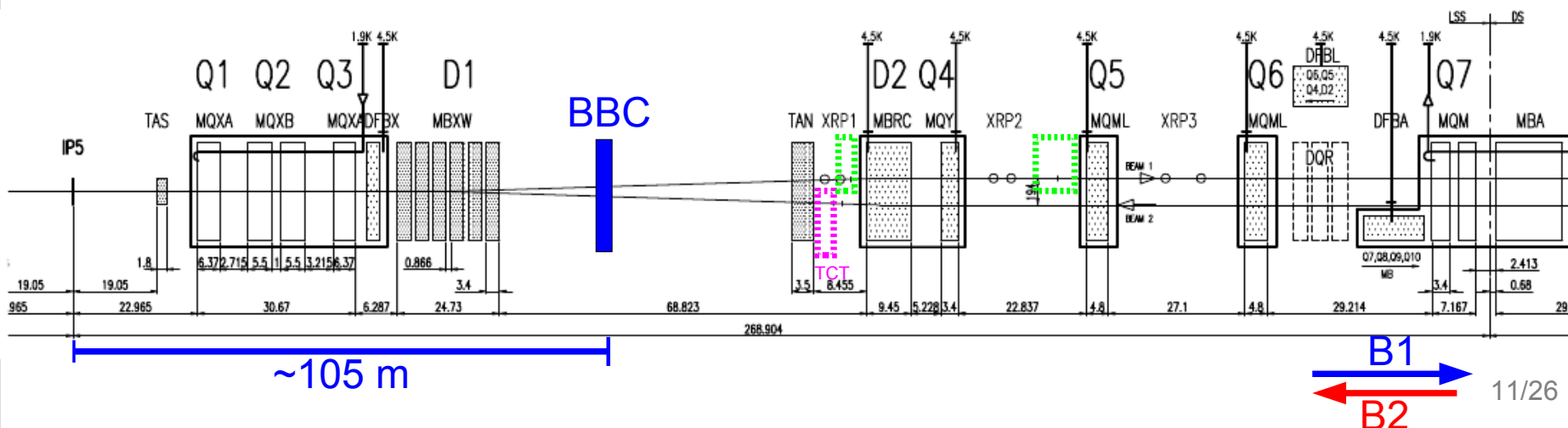
- Non-negligible n -flux, impedance and TAN aspects need detailed simulations
- Materials choices: Cu, W, Carbon, SiC (doping issues?), (CVD) Diamond
- Major design and qualification effort, unlikely to be ready before LS1!



Proposed LHC Beam-Beam Compensators Prototypes II/III

– Option I (nominal): between D1 ↔ TAN

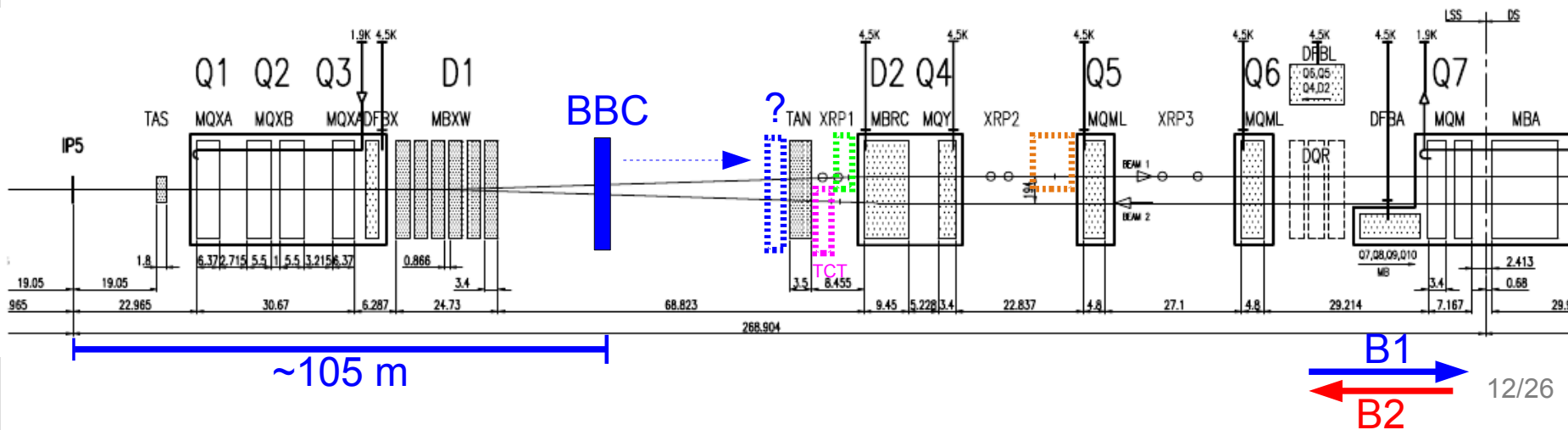
- The ideal/reserved BBC location is more challenging
 - Physical margin of 110 mm & $\beta_{x/y} \approx 1000$ m (for $\beta^* = 0.55$ m), depends highly on planned HL-LHC scenario, cons./safe assumption: $\sigma \approx 0.7 \dots 1$ mm for nominal optic, $\epsilon = 3.6 \mu\text{m}$ and $7\text{TeV} \rightarrow 3.5 \text{TeV}$
 - would gain for larger β^* and/or smaller ϵ , e.g. $2 \mu\text{m}$
- Assuming that we require a minimum physical 20 sigma clearance (x2) for the BBC in the parking position \rightarrow leaves only about 70 mm for BBC





Proposed LHC Beam-Beam Compensators Prototypes III/III – Option II TCT-like BBC

- Alternate options implying an easier integration and potential LS1 installation
 - B) Combined TCT-BBC at the present TCT locations
 - some constraints on material
 - C) Replacing roman pots (BBC targets HL-LHC)
 - D) Between Q4 & Q5 → needs further simulations
- } Addressed by Tatiana's talk
- Advantage could re-use even the same vacuum tank design as TCTs
 - Possible integration in LS1, final installation during shorter TS afterwards
 - beside n-flux, other aperture and MP issues remain the same
 - Need some early indication to prepare machine for additional vacuum valves, BPM and control cables, water, power cables, etc.



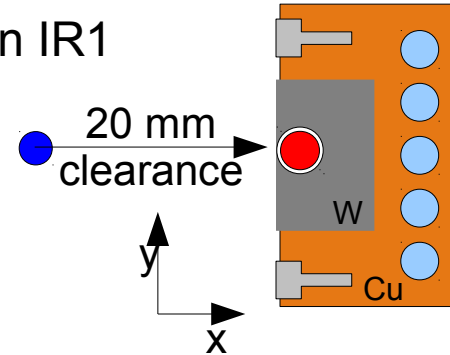
LHC BBC – a first proposal, Ralph.Steinhagen@CERN.ch, 2011-08-05



Tatiana's presentation on BBC compatibility with TCT location

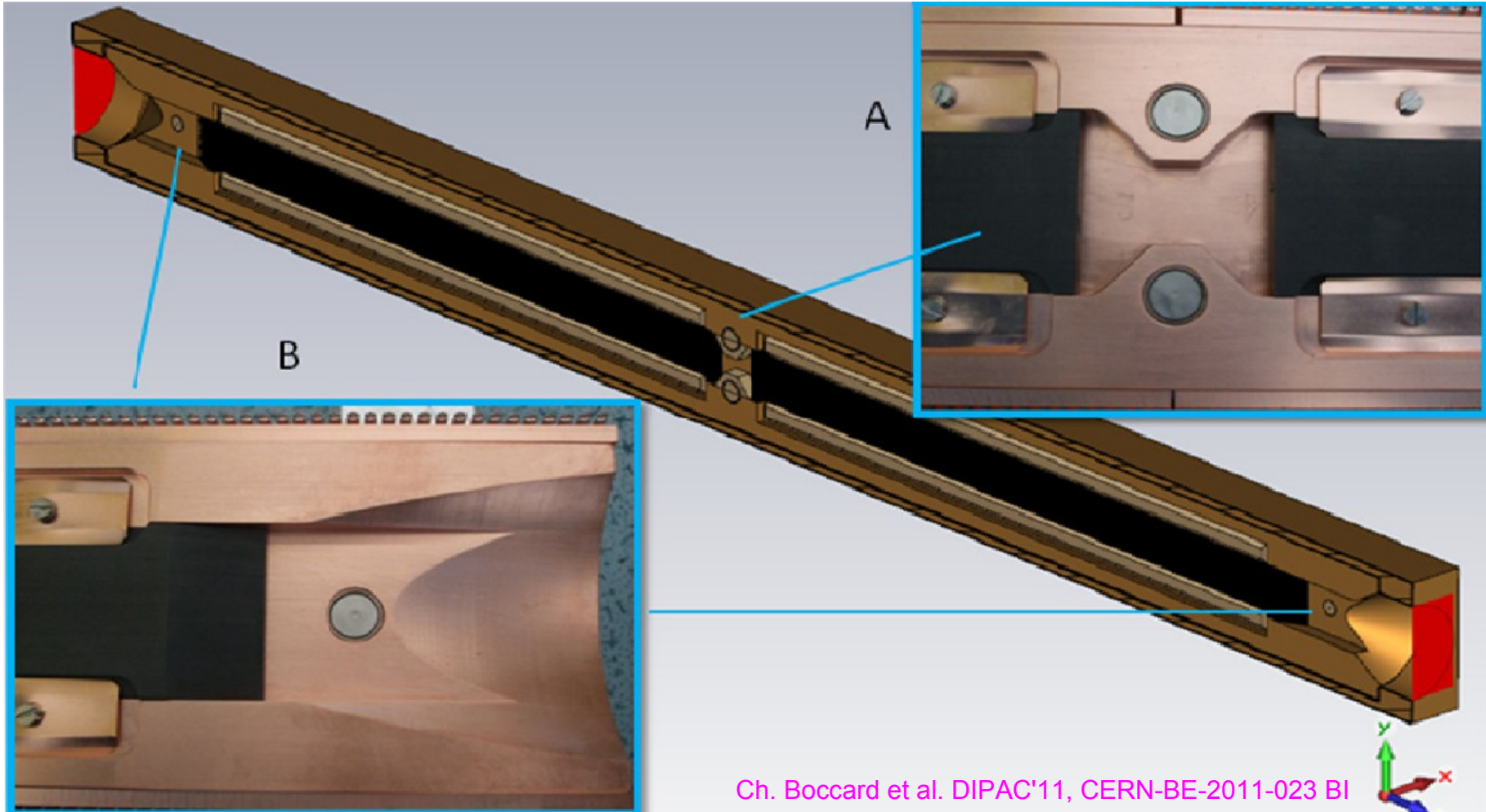
Summary of LHC BBC Prototype Specifications

- Initially two units: 1 x BBC-H.B1 in IR5, and 1 x BBC-V.B1 in IR1
 - same location as present TCTs
- Reuse as much of established infra-structure as possible (collimator type girders/motor control, LHC-type 600 A PC)
- Wire-in-jaw design:
 - Embedded (insulated) Cu wire inside W block
 - Possibility of 1+n wires (spare/redundancy)?
 - 100 um between wire and active cleaning surface (RF screening)
- Wire parameters:
 - Solid (round) wire radius of ~ 1mm and 1 m length
 - sub- σ level of hor./ver. position control (e.g. 0.1 mm)
 - nom. scheme: $I_{\text{wire}} = I_{\text{peak}} \cdot \sqrt{2\pi} \cdot \sigma_s \cdot n_{\text{parasitic}} \cdot I_{\text{wire}} = 72 \dots 350 \text{ Am (max.)}$
 - DC compensation only
 - cooled via passive heat transfer (1 kW)
- Additional beam instrumentation
 - BPM 2x2 buttons (for wire re-alignment)
 - Additional (fast) BLMs, bunch-by-bunch orbit and Q diagnostics



Example: SPS Prototype Design

- Design functionally tested w.r.t. BPM response, integration etc.



- Main required modifications: wire-in-jaw, larger buttons → cable/water routing



Work Items:

- Mechanical re-design of TCT wire-in-jaw design
- Mechanical feasibility, material and vacuum compatibility tests
 - mechanical and electrical constraints (breaking, insulation)
 - vacuum compatibility (outgasing)
 - lab mock-up test to validate design (fellow)
- Impact on machine impedance and pick-up response
- Beam cleaning and robustness simulations (FLUKA)
- Preparation of technical infrastructure in LS1
- Add. R&D and beam instrumentation
- BBC prototype construction
- Pre-installation prototyping and HW integration tests (Lab-cycling)
- Controls integration
- Future R&D and miscellaneous



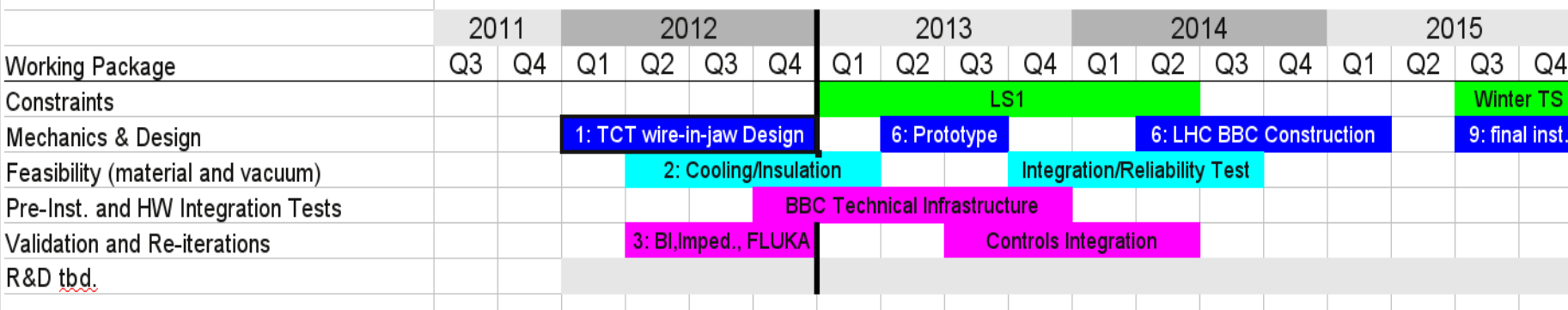
Preliminary Cost Estimates and Planning - DRAFT

LHC Long-Range Beam-Beam Compensator Planning

DRAFT – TO BE DISCUSSED

item	Description	FTE	Costs	Time	Comments/Resources
			[kCHF]	[y]	
1	Re-design and re-validation of TCT wire-in-jaw design	0.2	99	1	EN-MME
2	Feasibility, material and vacuum compatibility tests	1.0	380	1	EN-MME, BE-BI-ML (fellow)
3	Evaluation of pick-up response and impact on machine impedance Impact on beam cleaning and robustness studies (FLUKA)	1.5	0	0	BE-BI-QP, BE-ABP-ICE EN-STI?
4	Preparation of technical infrastructure in LS1	0.2	338	0	
5	Additional R&D and beam instrumentation	2.0	120	0	BE-BI
6	BBC prototype construction	0.1	720	1.5	EN-STI, 1 + 2 prototypes, <u>tbc.</u> (O. Aberle)
7	Pre-Installation and HW Integration Tests	0.1	20	0.5	EN-STI, BE-BI
8	Controls integration	1.0			BE-CO?
9	Final installation of TCT with wire-in-jaw design		20	0.1	
10	Future R&D and physics potential evaluation	1.0			ABP-LCU
11	Final operational design, deployment and coordination				
Total:		7.1	1697	2.6	no contingency/delays included (e.g. SPS prototype)

- primary item
- conditional activity, can only proceed if primary item is achieved
- parallel activity



LHC BBC – a first proposal, Ralph.Steinhausen@CERN.ch, 2011-08-05

- Planned BBC prototype deployment to assess its potential in view of HL-LHC
- 'Wire-in-jaw' design: robustness, thermal and impedances management
 - originally BBC between D1↔TAN: possible but likely only for LS2
 - Now preferred option of TCT-style design
 - could be prepared/installed for LS1):
 -
- Next steps:
 - Circulation and approval of detailed specification (by 2011/2012)
 - Re-evaluation w.r.t. shifted location/future optics → T. Rijoff (ongoing)
 - Required resources and time planning estimates → later today
 - External review and approval by HL-LHC and LMC



Reserve slides